



# History of NEORSRD Water Quality Monitoring in Big Creek



John W. Rhoades  
Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District  
September 27, 2012



## John Rhoades, NEORS

- 21 Years with NEORS, Currently Supervisor of Environmental Assessment
- Supervises Investigators in Water Quality Monitoring of Area Surface Waters Through Biological, Habitat and Water Chemistry Assessments
- Evaluates Ecological and Toxicological Effects of Treatment Plant Effluents on Receiving Waters Relative to Discharge Permits
- Evaluates Surface Water Quality as Relating to Point and Non-Point Discharges
- Develops Procedures To Implement District Water Quality Programs
- OEPA Certified as Level 4 Qualified Data Collector in Fish Community, Benthic Macroinvertebrate, Stream Habitat and Water Chemistry Assessments
- Licensed OEPA Class III Wastewater Operator



## Who are we?

- Independent political subdivision of the state, created by court order in 1972
- Serves all or part of 62 communities
- Approximately 650 employees
- Five locations: EMSC, GJM, Easterly, Westerly, Southerly





# Water Chemistry Sampling

- Field Parameters
  - Temp, conductivity, pH, DO, turbidity
- Lab Analysis Parameters
  - solids, nutrients (N,P), metals, BOD, COD, alkalinity, chloride, sulfate, E. coli





# Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index

- Evaluates in-stream habitat
- Fish-focused components
  - Substrate
  - In-stream cover
  - Channel morphology
  - Bank erosion/Riparian zone
  - Pool/glide and riffle/run
  - Gradient and drainage area





# Fish Community Assessment

- Electrofishing with pulsed DC current
- Longline method
- Index of Biotic Integrity (IBI)
- Modified Index of Well-Being (MIwb)





# Benthic Macroinvertebrates

- Modified Hester-Dendy sampler in stream for 6 weeks
- Qual sampling with D-frame dip-net
- Invertebrate Community Index (ICI)





# Big Creek

- Tributary to the Cuyahoga River
- Confluence of Ford Branch and Main Branch in Brooklyn near Tiedeman Road
- Drains over 37 square miles of southwestern Cleveland and its suburbs

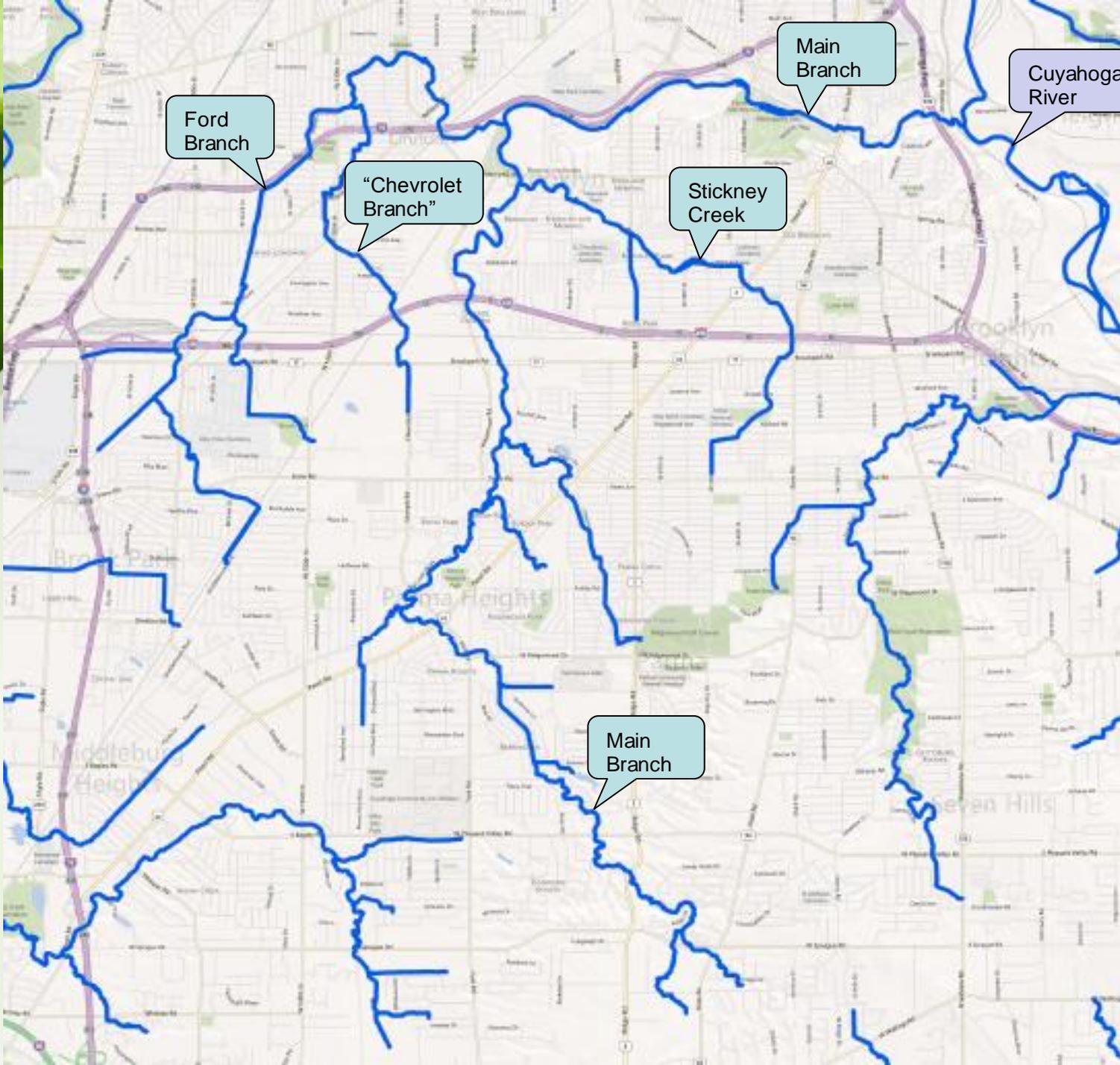




# Big Creek

- Main Branch culverted under Cleveland Metroparks Zoo, and Ford Branch culverted between West 117<sup>th</sup> and Puritas
- “Chevrolet Branch” is tributary to Ford Branch
- Stickney Creek is tributary to Main Branch upstream of Ford Branch confluence







# Big Creek

- Main Branch is designated Warmwater Habitat and State Resource Water (in Metroparks), and Primary Contact Recreation
- Ford Branch is Limited Resource Water and Secondary Contact Recreation
- Ford Branch and Main Branch downstream of confluence historically more polluted





# History of NEORS Monitoring in Big Creek

Yearly monitoring since 1985

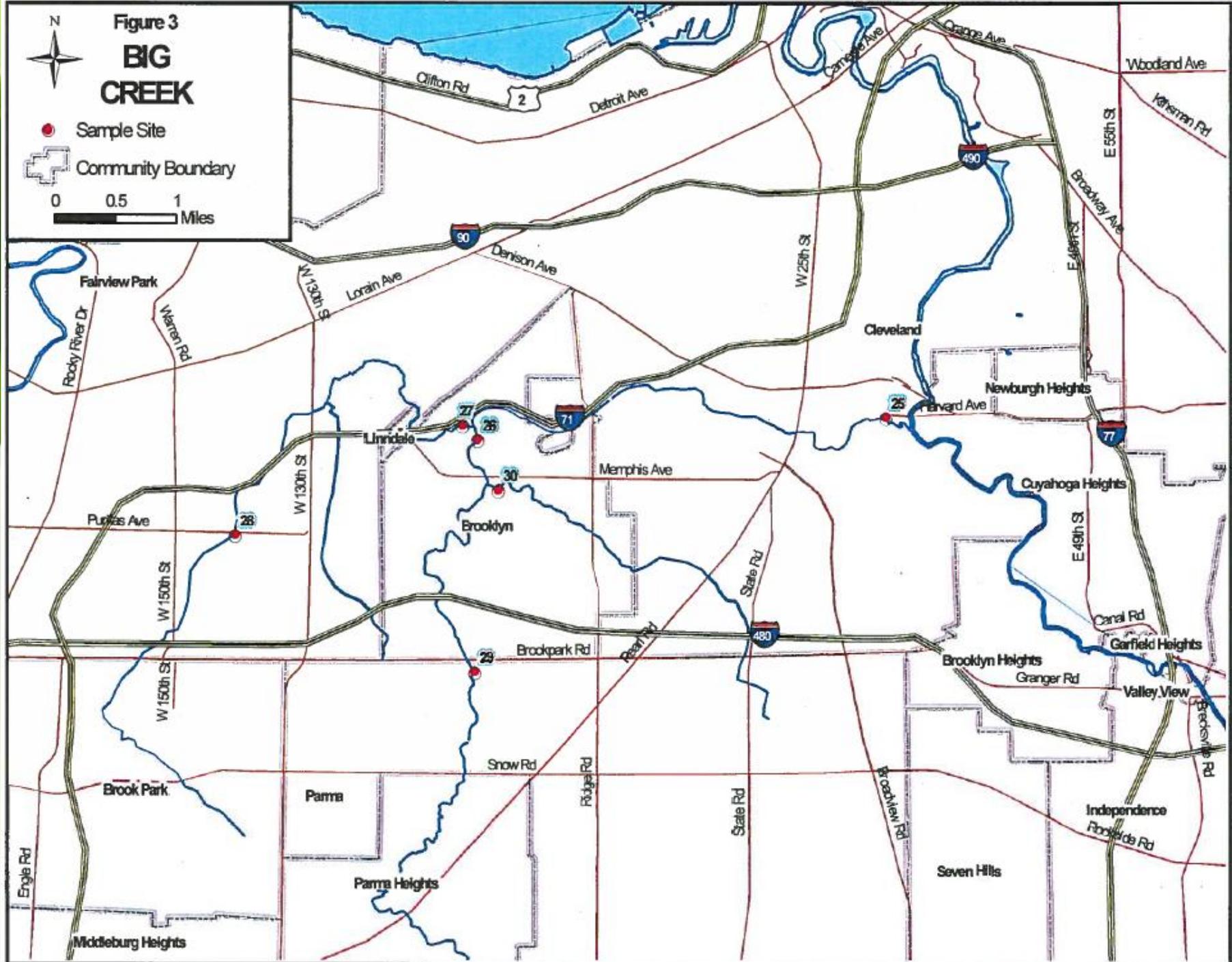
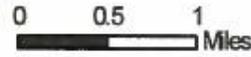
- 1985
  - Creek walk and water chemistry sampling to pinpoint pollution sources
- 1986
  - Dry weather monthly water chemistry monitoring of Main and Ford Branch
- 1987
  - Water chemistry, bacteria, and qualitative benthic macroinvertebrate sampling began in 1987 with six sites
  - Known as Sites #25, 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30

Figure 3

# BIG CREEK



- Sample Site
- ⊕ Community Boundary





# History of NEORS Monitoring in Big Creek

- 1991
  - Semi-qualitative (HBI) benthic macro sampling added
  - QHEIs first conducted
- 1993
  - *E. coli* sampling added (previously sampled for fecal coliform)
- 1995
  - First recorded data for quantitative benthic macro-invertebrate sampling (ICI) in Big Creek





# History of NEORS Monitoring in Big Creek

- 1997
  - NPDES CSO Permit-required monitoring at RM 0.15 (Site #25) for water chemistry and benthic macroinvertebrates added
- 1999
  - Fish electrofishing surveys conducted utilizing IBI and MIwb
  - Expanded list of benthic macro metrics, including the Qualitative Community Tolerance Value (QCTV)
- 1999-2001
  - Benthic macroinvertebrate monitoring only completed for RM 0.15, no longer at six original sites





# History of NEORS Monitoring in Big Creek

- 2002
  - QHEIs and macro sampling conducted at seven sites on Chevy Branch following a stream habitat restoration project
- 2002 - 2006
  - Water chemistry and macro sampling conducted at three sites to evaluate impact of NEORS CSOs
  - 1987-2004 – water chemistry monitoring conducted at the six original sites







# History of NEORS Monitoring in Big Creek

- 2007
  - Yearly electrofishing and QHEIs added back in
  - Sampling from 2007 onward now includes water chemistry, QHEI, electrofishing, and benthic macros (HD and qual)
- 2010
  - Chlorophyll *a* sampling conducted
- 2011
  - RM 4.70 on the Ford Branch no longer sampled
- 2012
  - RM 4.40 on the Main Branch no longer sampled; only RM 0.15 on Main Branch sampled



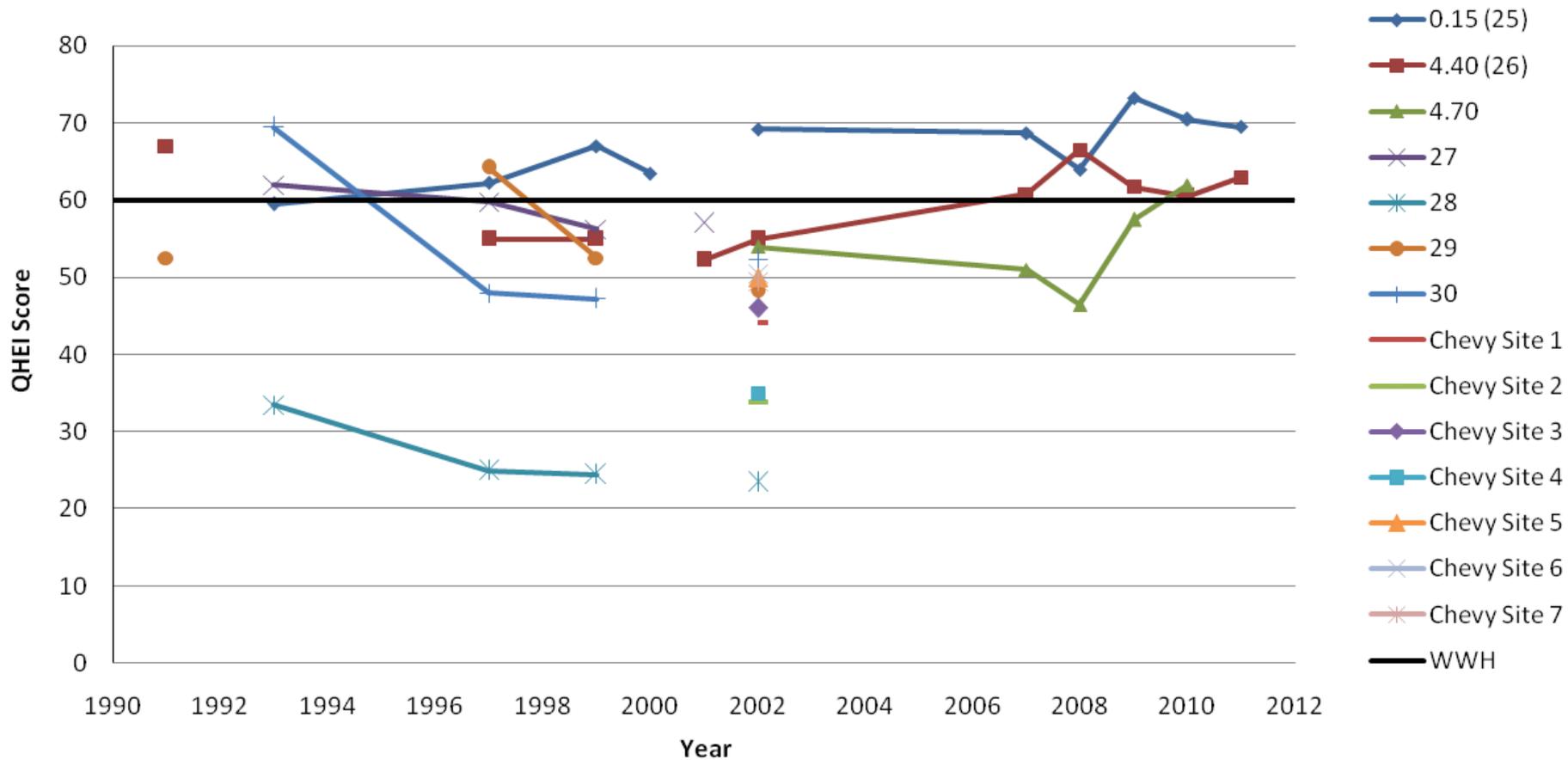
# Water Chemistry

- Historical bacteriological contamination
  - Sources included sewer overflows and breaks, improper connections, planned interceptor diversions for repairs
  - Localized improvement from source elimination
  - Gross sanitary pollution of the 1980's greatly diminished
  - Bacteriological contamination continues
- Other occasional exceedences relate to metals such as mercury, iron, copper, zinc, cadmium, and low dissolved oxygen



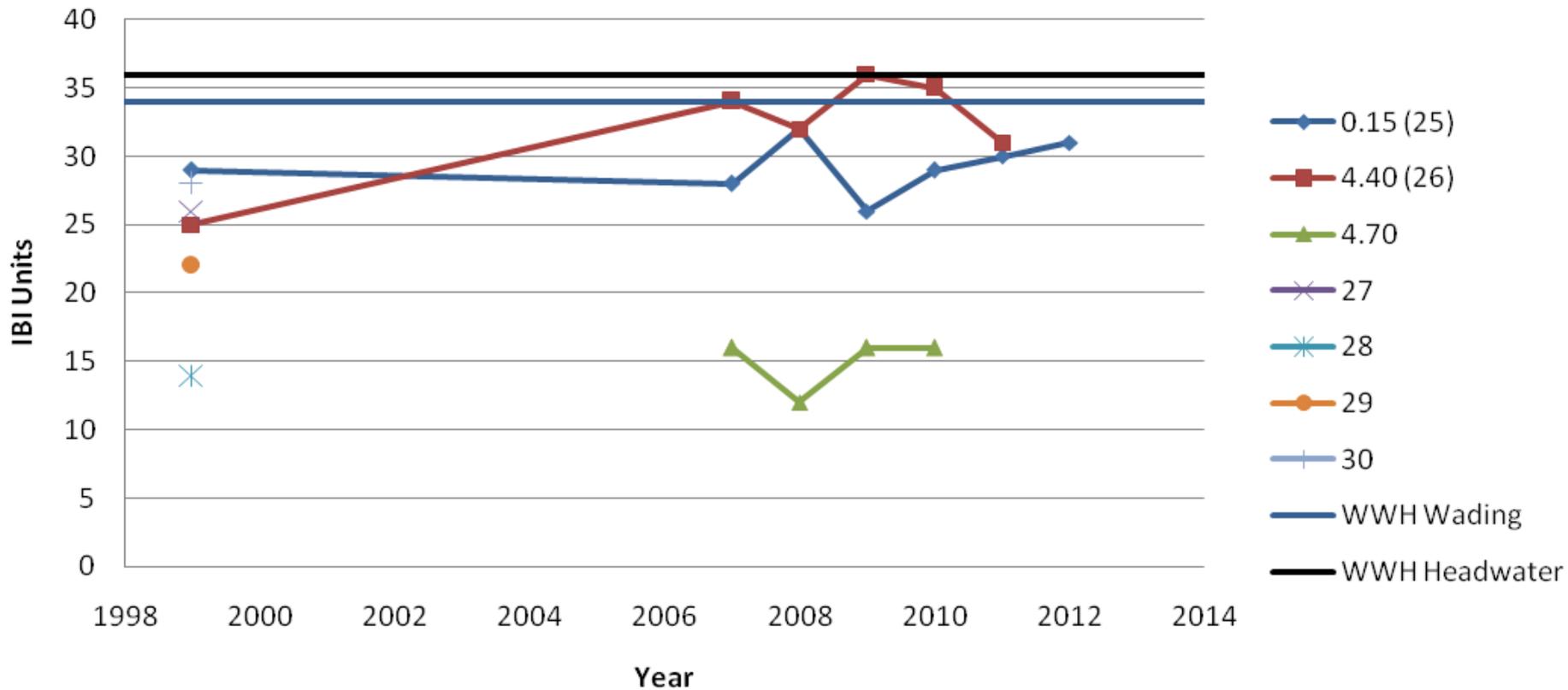


## Historical Big Creek QHEI Scores 1991-Present



# Historical Big Creek IBI Scores

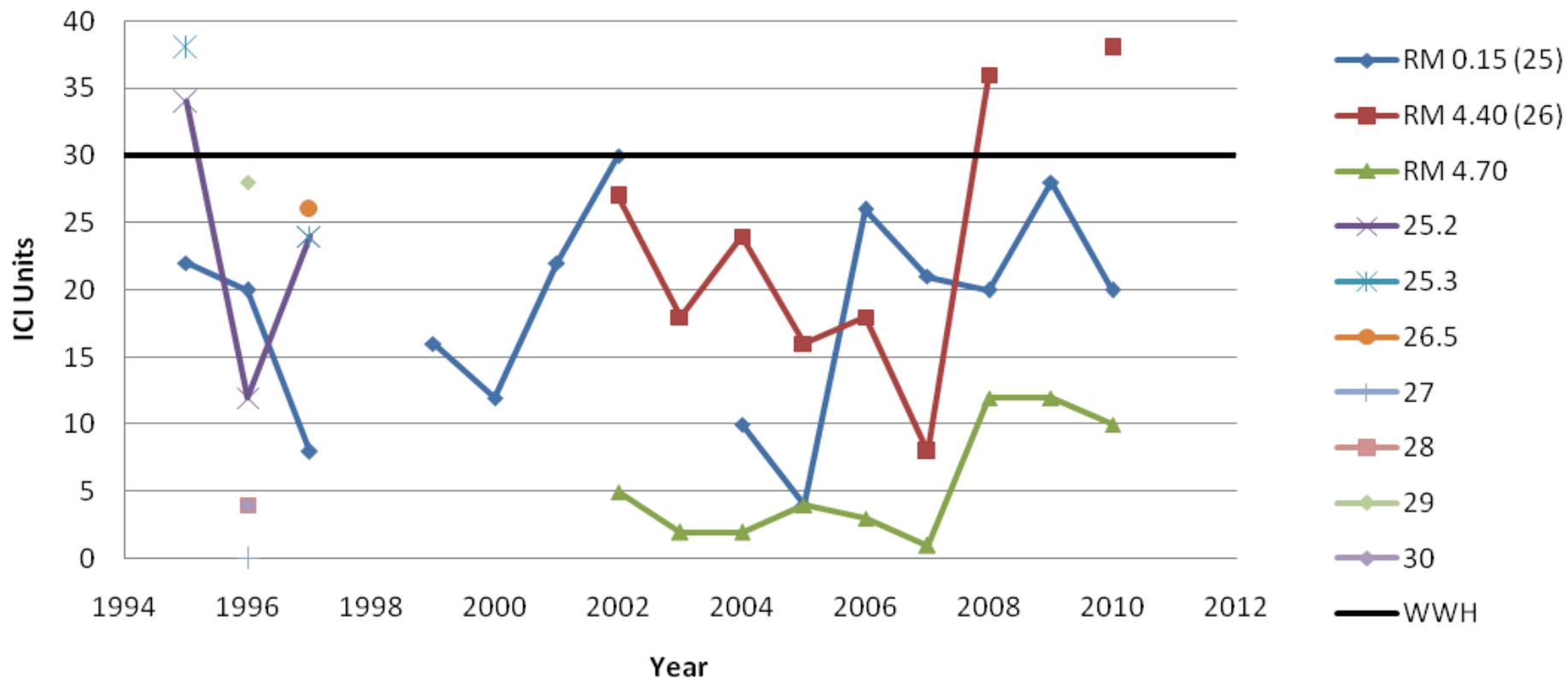
## 1999, 2007-Present



**Bigmouth shiner**  
(*Notropis dorsalis*)



## Historical Big Creek ICI Scores 1995-Present





# Questions?

